GUYANA

ACT No. 20 of 2007

GUYANA FORESTRY COMMISSION ACT 2007

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

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SCHEDULE  Constitution of the Commission
AN ACT to repeal and replace the Guyana Forestry Commission Act 1979, re-establish the
Guyana Forestry Commission, and provide for incidental matters.

A.D. 2007

Enacted by the Parliament of Guyana:-

PART 1
PRELIMINARY

Short title and commencement.

1. This Act may be cited as the Guyana Forestry Commission Act 2007
and shall come into operation on a date appointed by order of the Minister.

Interpretation.

2. In this Act -

"Amerindian" has the meaning given to it by section 2 of the Amerindian
Act 2006.

"Auditor General" means the Auditor General appointed under the
Constitution;

"Commission" means the Guyana Forestry Commission established by
section 3;

"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Forests appointed under this
Act;
“financial year” means -

(a) the calendar year; or

(b) where the Commission’s accounts are kept by reference to a financial year different from the calendar year, that financial year;

No. of 2007

“forest” has the meaning given to it by section 2 of the Forests Act 2007;

No. of 2007

“forest produce” has the meaning given to it by section 2 of the Forests Act 2007:

No. 2 of 1979

“former Act” means the Guyana Forestry Commission Act 1979;

No. 2 of 1979

“former Commission” means the Guyana Forestry Commission established by section 3 of the former Act:

“member” means a member of the Commission.

PART 2

GUYANA FORESTRY COMMISSION

Establishment of Commission.

3. (1) There is hereby established a body corporate called the Guyana Forestry Commission.

(2) Subject to this Act, the Commission is the same body corporate as the former Commission.

Object of Commission.

4. The object of the Commission is to encourage the development and growth of forestry in Guyana on a sustainable basis.

Functions of Commission.

5. The functions of the Commission are -

(a) to develop, advise the Minister on, and carry out
forestry policy;

(b) to prepare plans, codes of practice, and guidelines for
the conservation and management of forests;

(c) to research, collate, analyse, prepare, and disseminate
data, statistics, and other information about forests
and all aspects of forestry, including forest ecology
and the use of forest produce;

(d) to make forest inventories;

(e) to provide or facilitate education and training in
forestry and forestry-related jobs;

(f) to provide forestry extension services and give advice
to persons and communities interested or involved in
forestry;

(g) to provide an inspection, certification, and
accreditation service for quality control of forest
produce;

(h) to represent the Government in regional and
international forestry meetings and negotiations, and
in relation to Guyana’s international obligations
concerning forestry;

(i) to administer the Forests Act 2007, including –

(i) carrying out the Commission’s functions
under that Act; and

(ii) collecting and recovering all fees, charges,
levies, premiums, fines, penalties, costs, expenses,
and other monies payable under that Act; and

(j) to carry out any function given to it by or under
any other written law.
6. (1) The Commission shall not enter into commercial operations or otherwise charge for its goods or services except—
   (a) as authorised or required by any other Act; or
   (b) in accordance with subsection (2) or (3).

(2) The Commission may—
   (a) provide goods and services that are consistent with its functions; and
   (b) with the approval of the Minister, charge a rate published in the Gazette for any goods or services provided.

(3) The Commission may, with the consent of the Minister, enter into commercial operations with respect to—
   (a) any intellectual property developed in connection with or resulting from the exercise of any of its functions; or
   (b) any land or building of the Commission.

7. (1) The Commission comprises the following members—
   (a) not less than nine and not more than thirteen members, including a chairman, appointed in writing by the Minister; and
   (b) the Commissioner as an ex officio member of the Commission.

(2) Notwithstanding section 29(3) of the Interpretation and General Clauses Act—
   (a) no vice-chairman shall be appointed to the Commission; and
   (b) no secretary shall be appointed to the Commission, except in accordance with section 11.

(3) No person may be appointed a member unless qualified by reason of relevant knowledge and experience in forest management, forest industries,
manufacturing, marketing, business management, finance, economics, environmental management, Amerindian affairs, law, land use planning, education and training, human resources development, information systems, or research and development.

(4) The provisions of the Schedule apply to the Commission and its members.

Schedule

8. (1) The Commission is responsible to the Minister for the discharge of its functions.

(2) The Commission shall provide the Minister with any information the Minister requests about the discharge of its functions.

(3) The Minister may by notice published in the Gazette give to the Commission directions of a general character as to the policy to be followed by the Commission in the discharge of its functions.

(4) The Commission shall give effect to those directions subject to any written law.

Delegation by Commission.

9. The Commission may by instrument in writing delegate the exercise of any of its functions under this Act to:

(a) any committee appointed under paragraph 4 of the Schedule; or

(b) any person.

Commissioner of Forests.

10. (1) The Commission shall from time to time appoint a person as Commissioner of Forests and employ that person on terms and conditions set by the Commission.

(2) The Commissioner is the chief executive officer of the Commission and is responsible to the Commission for

(a) executing the policy of the Commission.
(b) directing the day-to-day business of the Commission;

and

(c) directing the other employees and the consultants and
advisers of the Commission.

(3) The Commissioner may delegate to any officer or employee of the Commission the exercise of any of the Commissioner’s functions under this Act, except a function delegated to the Commissioner under section 9.

(4) No person may be appointed Commissioner of Forests without the approval of the Minister.

11. (1) The Commission may

(a) employ any person as an officer or employee of the
Commission; and

(b) engage the services of any person as a consultant or
adviser.

(2) The Commission shall appoint a person as its secretary.

(3) All officers (other than the Commissioner), other employees, consultants, and advisers shall be employed or engaged on terms and conditions set by the Commission on the advice of the Commissioner.

12. The Commission shall establish and carry out a human resources policy containing provisions generally accepted as necessary for the fair and proper treatment of employees in all aspects of their employment, including provisions requiring -

(a) safe and healthy working conditions that conform to
the requirements of the Occupational Safety and
Health Act 1997;

(b) the impartial selection of suitably qualified persons
for appointment;

(c) opportunities for the enhancement of the abilities of
individual employees; and
13. (1) Except in accordance with subsection (2), no person who has obtained information in his capacity as a member, employee, consultant, or adviser of the Commission shall directly or indirectly—

(a) make a record of that information;
(b) disclose that information to any person; or
(c) make use of or act on that information.

(2) A person may make a record of, disclose, make use of, or act on information—

(a) for the purposes of the Commission;
(b) where required by law; or
(c) where authorised by the Commission in circumstances where the record, disclosure, use, or act in question is not likely to prejudice the Commission.

(3) As soon as practicable after authorising a record, disclosure, use, or act under subsection (2)(c), the Commission shall enter its particulars in the Commission’s register of interests.

PART 3
FINANCIAL PROVISIONS AND ACCOUNTABILITY

14. (1) The funds of the Commission comprise—

(a) money appropriated by Parliament and paid to the Commission for the purposes of the Commission;
(b) other money or property lawfully received by the Commission for the purposes of the Commission; and
(c) income derived from any money or other property of the Commission.
(2) The Commission shall meet any charges (for example, interest) relating to any amount allocated to the Commission from money lent to the Government except where those charges are met by money appropriated by Parliament for that purpose.

(3) The Commission shall keep proper records of the general fund maintained under section 15, the reserve fund maintained under section 16, and the special funds maintained under section 17.

General fund.

15. (1) The Commission shall maintain a general fund and pay into it all money paid to the Commission for the Commission’s purposes and all income except money kept in the reserve fund maintained under section 16 or in a special fund maintained under section 17.

(2) All expenses incurred by the Commission in carrying out its functions and discharging all liabilities properly incurred by the Commission shall be paid out of the general fund.

Reserve fund.

16. (1) The Commission shall maintain a reserve fund and transfer into it from the net surplus for each year an amount not less than the amount fixed by the Minister and notified to the Commission.

(2) If the reserve fund is insufficient to cover any net loss of the Commission recorded in its profit and loss account for any financial year, the amount of the deficiency shall be charged on the Consolidated Fund.

(3) If in any succeeding financial year a net surplus accrues to the Commission, the Commission shall pay into the Consolidated Fund an amount agreed with the Minister responsible for finance until the amount charged on the Consolidated Fund, together with interest on that amount as determined by the Minister, is fully repaid.

(4) For the purposes of this section, net surplus is determined by deducting from gross income all expenses together with allowances for depreciation of assets, contributions to staff benefit funds, provision for bad and doubtful debts, and other contingencies and accounting provisions as are
usually made by comparable institutions.

17. (1) The Commission may create and maintain special funds to carry out its functions.

(2) Without limiting the generality of subsection (1), any money granted to the Commission by foreign states, international organisations, multilateral funding agencies, foundations, corporations, other entities, or individuals may be earmarked for payment into a special fund, and the money shall not be used for any purpose other than that for which it was granted.

(3) With the approval of the Minister, the Commission may engage any financial institution (as defined by the Financial Institutions Act 1995) to:

(a) administer and keep proper records of any special fund;
(b) act as the agent of the Commission in making a grant or a loan;
(c) recover any interest due to the Commission under any loan.

18. (1) As soon as practicable after the commencement of this Act, the Commission shall make rules for its financial operations, including rules on:

(a) the manner in which and the employees by whom payments are to be approved;
(b) the bank into which moneys of the Commission are to be paid and the designation of any account with that bank;
(c) the amount to be retained by accounting officers to meet petty disbursements and immediate payments and the maximum amount that may be so disbursed for any one payment;
(d) the method to be adopted in making payments out of the funds of the Commission; and
(c) the proper keeping and control of the funds of the Commission.

(2) No rule may be made except with the Minister’s approval.

(3) Every employee, consultant, and adviser of the Commission shall comply with the rules, and the Commission may apply disciplinary and other sanctions as it thinks fit against any employee, consultant, or adviser who breaches a rule.

**Guarantee of loans.**

Cap. 77:01


**Limits on borrowing powers.**

20. The Commission shall not borrow any money –

(a) except for the purpose of meeting an obligation or carrying out its functions;

(b) exceeding any limit of borrowing fixed by the Minister responsible for finance and notified to the Commission:

(a) by way of an overdraft or unsecured loan, except for a period of less than 1 year;

(b) on the security of its assets, except with the approval of the Minister responsible for finance.

**Investment of funds.**

21. Except with the approval of the Minister, the Commission shall not

(a) invest any money in any securities; or

(b) sell or otherwise dispose of any of its securities.

**Power to make grants and loans.**

22. (1) The Commission shall not make any grant or loan except –

(a) for the purpose of carrying out a function of the Commission;

(b) from money drawn out of a special fund maintained under section 17; and
(c) on terms and conditions it considers appropriate.

(2) In making a loan, the Commission shall charge interest at the rate it considers appropriate in the particular case.

23. The Minister responsible for finance may by order subject to affirmative resolution of the National Assembly exempt the Commission from liability for any tax, duty, rate, levy or other charge payable under any written law.

Account and audits.

24. (1) The Commission shall keep accounts of its transactions to the satisfaction of the Minister and the Auditor General shall audit these accounts annually.

(2) The Commission may at any time appoint an independent auditor to examine and report on its accounts.

(3) The Commissioner and each employee of the Commission shall on request give the auditor -

   (a) full access to all books, documents, cash, and securities of the Commission; and

   (b) any information within his or her knowledge relating to the operations of the Commission.

(4) The auditor may summon and examine any person to obtain information for the audit.

(5) Any person summoned under subsection (4), other than a public officer or an employee of the Commission, is entitled to payment by the Commission for attendance on the auditor as if the person were a witness attending a legal proceeding in obedience to a subpoena issued by the High Court.

(6) No person summoned under subsection (4) shall fail or refuse to comply with the summons without reasonable excuse.

(7) In subsections (3), (4), and (5), “auditor” means -
(a) the Auditor General; or
(b) an auditor appointed under subsection (2).

Reports.

25. (1) No later than six months after the end of each financial year, the Commission shall submit to the Minister a report containing:

(a) an account of its activities during the financial year in the detail directed by the Minister; and
(b) a statement of the Commission’s accounts audited under section 24(1).

(2) The Minister shall as soon as practicable, and in any event no later than eight months after the end of the financial year, cause to be laid before the National Assembly the report referred to in subsection (1) together with a copy of the auditor’s report on the Commission’s accounts following the audit under section 24(1).

PART 4

MISCELLANEOUS

Status of minutes of meetings.

26. (1) The secretary of the Commission shall keep in a minute book proper minutes of the proceedings of each meeting of the Commission.

(2) The Chairperson or other person presiding at the meeting shall certify and sign those minutes at the next meeting or as soon as practicable afterwards.

(3) In the absence of proof to the contrary:

(a) a meeting shall be deemed to be duly convened where there is a quorum;
(b) all members of the Commission attending a meeting shall be deemed to be duly qualified to act; and
(c) minutes of any meeting that appear to be duly certified and signed shall be regarded as sufficient evidence of the matters stated in them.
27. (1) Every person commits an offence who contravenes or fails to comply with—
   
   (a) section 13(1) or paragraph 6(1) or (3) of the Schedule;
   
   (b) section 24(6).

   (2) Every person who commits an offence against paragraph (a) of subsection (1) is liable on conviction to a fine of $1,000,000 and imprisonment for a term of 1 year.

   (3) Every person who commits an offence against paragraph (b) of subsection (1) is liable on conviction to a fine of $500,000 and imprisonment for a term of six months.

   (4) Notwithstanding subsections (2) and (3), where a person convicted of an offence referred to in subsection (2) or (3) is a body corporate, that person is liable to ten times the fine specified for the offence in subsection (2), or, as the case may be, subsection (3).

   (5) A prosecution for an offence against this section may be brought either summarily or by indictment, at the election of the person bringing the prosecution.

28. The Limitation Act does not apply to any proceedings instituted by the Commission—

   (a) to recover any money due and payable under this Act or any other written law; or

   (b) to claim any property.

29. (1) No member shall be liable for any act done or omitted to be done by the Commission in the course of carrying out its functions, except where the member has acted in bad faith.
(2) Where a member is exempt from liability by reason only of subsection (1), the Commission is liable to the extent that it would be if that member were an employee or agent of the Commission.

Approval or consent of Ministers.

Approval or consent given under this Act by the Minister or by the Minister responsible for finance may be given generally in respect of a class or description of matters or cases, or specifically in respect of a particular matter or case.

Regulations.

The Minister may make regulations, subject to negative resolution of the National Assembly, providing for any matter necessary for giving full effect to the provisions of this Act and for the due administration of it.

Repeals.

No 2 of 1979

Transitional provisions relating to members of Commission.

On the commencement of this Act -

(a) the person holding appointment as chairman of the former Commission immediately before the commencement of this Act is deemed to have been appointed chairman of the Commission under section 7(1)(a):

(b) every person holding appointment as a member of the former Commission (other than the chairman) immediately before the commencement of this Act is deemed to have been appointed a member of the Commission under section 7(1)(a):

(c) the person holding appointment as Commissioner of Forests immediately before the commencement of this Act is deemed to have been appointed Commissioner under section 10.
(2) A deemed appointment under this section expires on the earlier of:

(a) the day on which the appointment would have expired had this Act not been passed; or

(b) the day six months after this Act comes into operation.
SCHEDULE

CONSTITUTION OF THE COMMISSION

Section 7(1)

1. As soon as practicable, the Commission shall publish in the Gazette -
   (a) the name of every member of the Commission on the commencement of this Act; and
   (b) every change in membership of the Commission.

2. (1) This paragraph applies to all members except the Commissioner.
   (2) Each member shall be appointed for a term not exceeding three years.
   (3) The Minister may at any time, by giving written notice to a member, and after affording the member natural justice, revoke the appointment of the member for incompetence, disability, bankruptcy, neglect of duty, or misconduct, proven to the satisfaction of the Minister.
   (4) A member may at any time resign by giving the Minister a signed notice of resignation.
   (5) A member is eligible for reappointment.

3. (1) Subject to subparagraphs (2) and (3), the Commission shall meet as often as it considers necessary for its purposes.
   (2) Once every year the Commission shall hold a special business meeting at which the Commissioner shall present to the Commission
   (a) the statement of accounts audited under section 24(1), and
   (b) an account of the Commission's activities in the preceding financial year.
   (3) The chairman may at any time summon a special meeting of
the Commission.

(4) Five members make up a quorum for transacting business at any meeting of the Commission.

(5) Where a decision of the Commission is taken by vote

(a) the decision shall be made in accordance with the votes of the majority of the members present and voting, and

(b) the chairperson or other member presiding shall have a casting as well as an original vote.

(6) The Commissioner may participate in meetings but shall not vote on any decision of the Commission.

Committees.

4. (1) The Commission may at any time appoint a committee to examine and report to it on any matter connected with any function of the Commission.

(2) A committee shall consist of at least two members of the Commission together with any other person whose assistance or advice the Commission desires.

(3) Where non-members are appointed to a committee, the Commission shall pay to each of them, in respect of their membership of the committee, such remuneration and allowances as the Minister may determine.

Assent to resolution without meeting.

5. A resolution is a valid resolution of the Commission even if a meeting of the Commission is not convened, if -

(a) at least 10 days' (or any other period prescribed by regulations) written notice of the proposed resolution was given to all members;

(b) the resolution is signed or assented to by letter, telegram, telex, facsimile, or electronic mail transmission by a majority of members who are entitled to vote, and

(c) where any member has assented by telegram, telex,
faesimile, or electronic mail transmission, that member's assent is subsequently authenticated by his or her signature.

6. (1) Any member whose interest is likely to be affected (directly or indirectly) by a decision of the Commission on any matter shall disclose to the Commission the nature of the interest as soon as the relevant facts have come to his or her knowledge.

(2) The secretary of the Commission shall record any disclosure under subparagraph (1) in the minutes of the Commission.

(3) The member making the disclosure shall not be present during and shall not take part in any deliberation or decision of the Commission on the matter.

(4) For the purposes of this section, the interests of a parent, spouse, child, or any other member of the family, of a member is deemed to be the interests of that member.

7. The Commission shall pay to the Chairperson and every other member appointed to the Commission such remuneration and allowances as the Minister may determine in respect of the office held.

8. (1) The Commission shall have a common seal and may at any time alter or change that seal.

(2) The secretary of the Commission shall keep that seal in his or her custody.

(3) The seal may be authenticated:

(a) by the signatures of the Chairperson and the secretary;
(b) by the signatures of the Commissioner and the secretary; or
(c) in any other manner authorised by the Commission.

(4) Every document purporting to be an instrument duly
authenticated under the seal of the Commission shall be regarded as so authenticated in the absence of proof to the contrary.

Passed by the National Assembly on 26th July, 2007.

S. E. Isaacs,
Clerk of the National Assembly.

(BILL No. 20/2007)